

①

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① Cylindrical $\iiint f(x, y, z) dx dy dz \rightarrow$

$$\iiint f(r, \theta, z) \boxed{r} dr d\theta dz$$

↑ volume magnification

$$\begin{array}{l|l} x = r \cos \theta & r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \\ y = r \sin \theta & \theta = \arctan y/x \\ z = z' & z' = z \end{array}$$

Area factor for polar

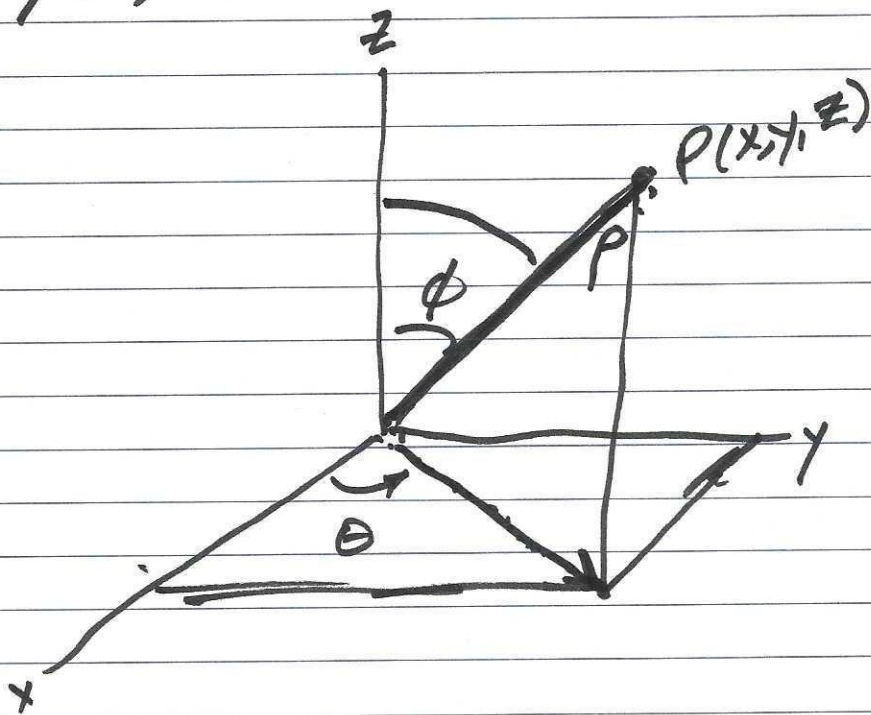
Jacobian determinant

$$\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)} = \begin{vmatrix} x_r & y_r \\ x_\theta & y_\theta \end{vmatrix} = x_r y_\theta - y_r x_\theta = r$$

②

$$\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(r, \theta, z')} = r$$

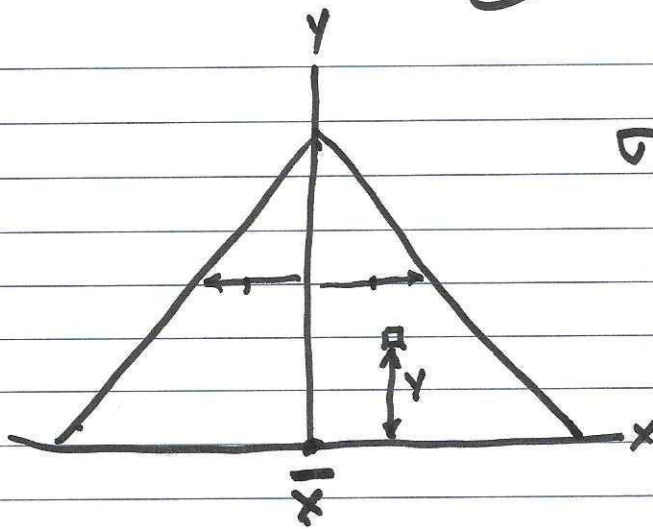
$$\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(\rho, \theta, \phi)} = \underline{\underline{\rho \sin \phi}}$$



Fact: $\frac{\partial(r, \theta)}{\partial(x, y)} = \frac{1}{\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)}}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{dx/dy}$$

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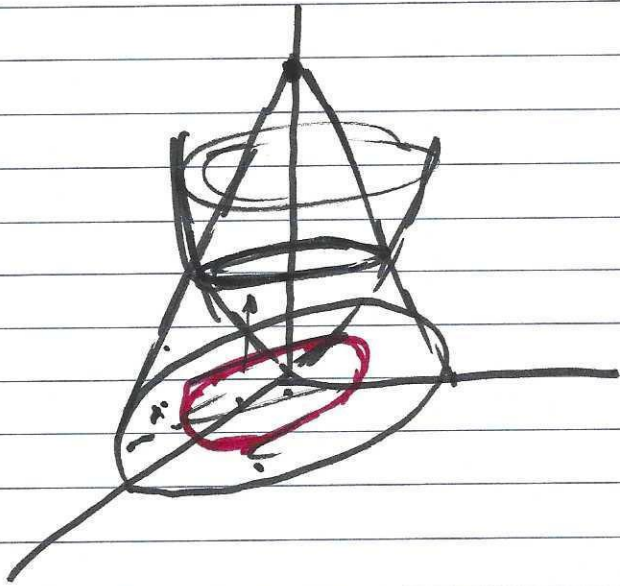
$$\sigma = k|x|$$

M_x

M_y

$$\frac{\iint_{\mathcal{R}} y \, dx \, dy}{\iint_{\mathcal{R}} dx \, dy} = \bar{y}$$

④

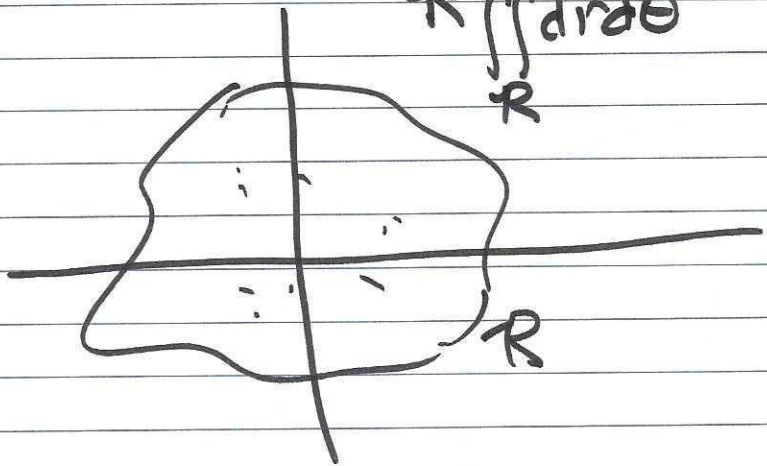


$$\underline{z = x^2 + y^2}$$

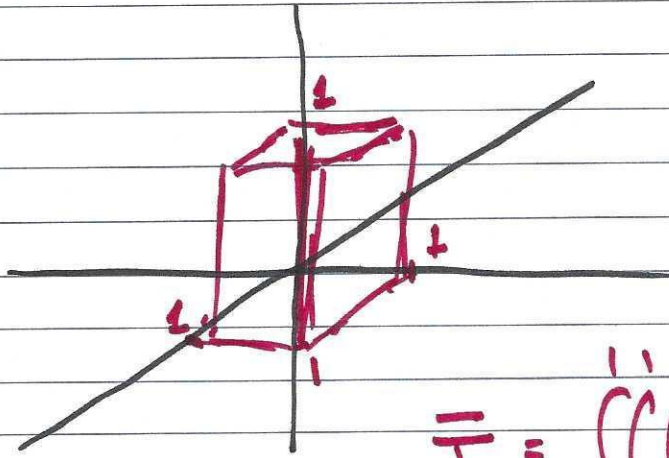
$f(r, \theta)$ on \mathbb{R}

$$f = \frac{\iint_{\mathbb{R}} f(r, \theta) dr d\theta}{\iint_{\mathbb{R}} dr d\theta}$$

$\bar{f}_{\mathbb{R}}$

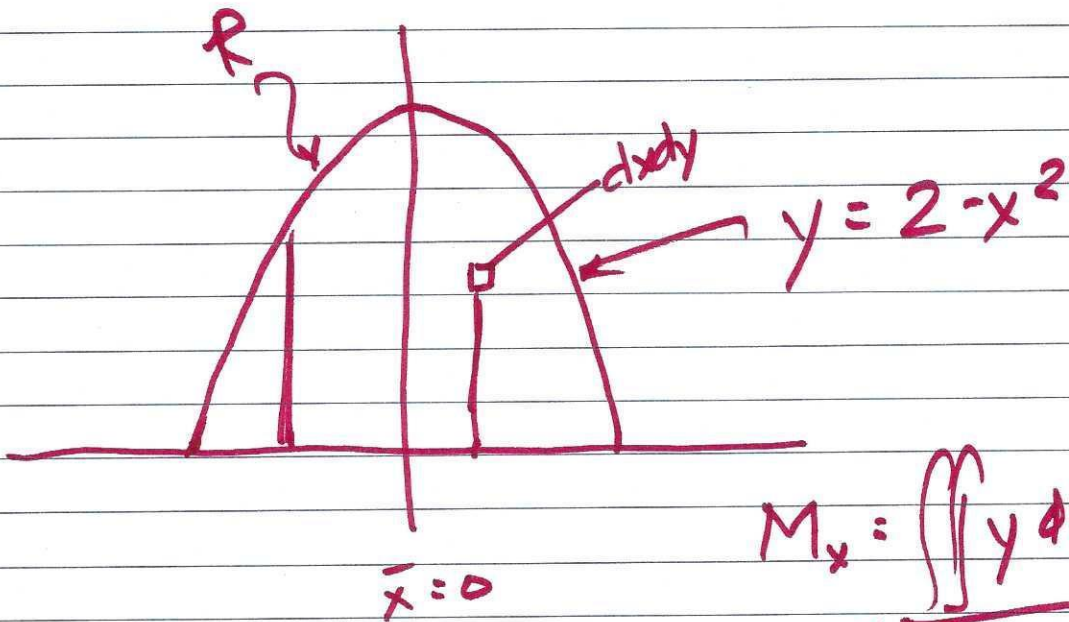


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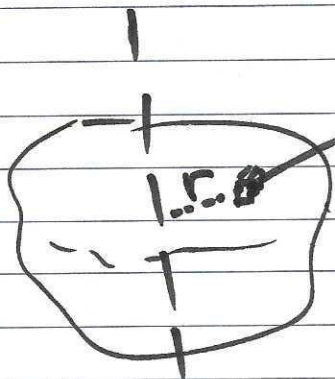
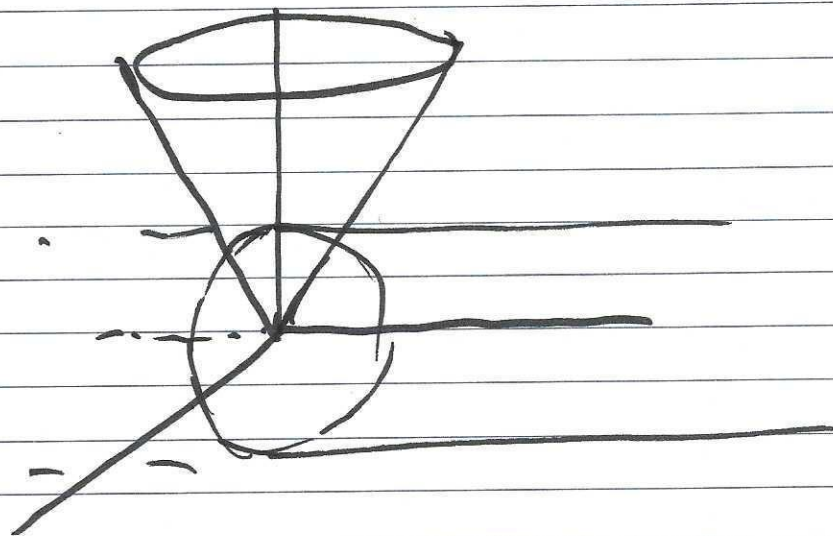


$$T = 1 - e^x e^y e^z$$

$$\bar{T} = \frac{\iiint_{000}^{111} (1 - e^x e^y e^z) dx dy dz}{\iiint_{000} dx dy dz}$$



$$\bar{y} = \frac{\iint_R y dx dy}{\iint_R dx dy}$$



$$\rho(x, y, z) dx dy dz = dm$$

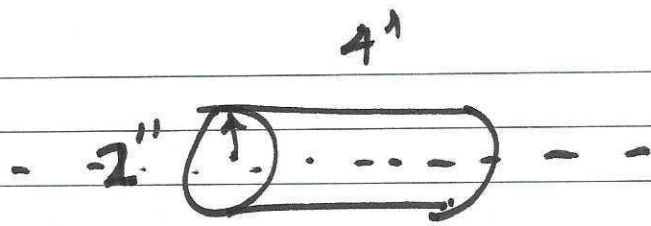
$$dI = r^2 dm$$

r^2 dm

$\rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\theta d\phi$
 $(\rho \sin \phi)^2$

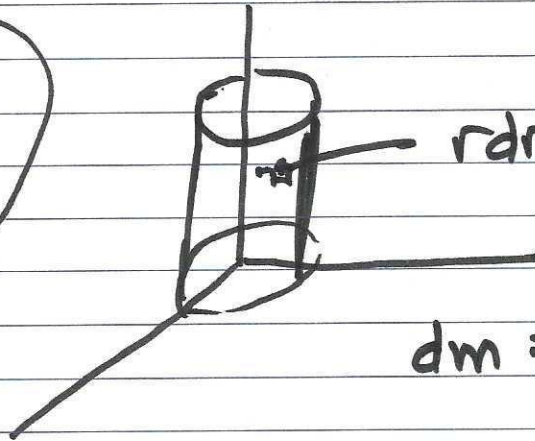
$$dm = \rho(\rho, \theta, \phi) \cdot \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\theta d\phi$$

$\iiint (\rho \sin \phi)^2$



$\sigma = \text{density}$

$$dI = r^2 dm$$

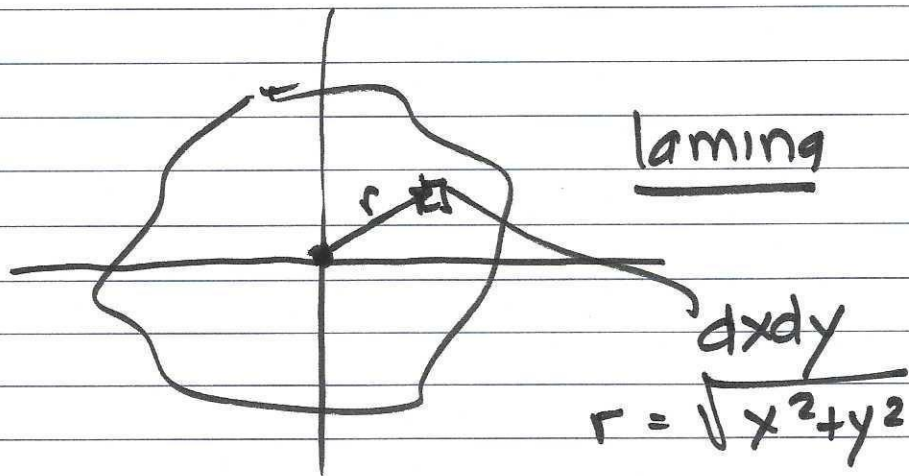


$$r dr d\theta dz = dV$$

$$dm = \sigma r dr d\theta dz$$

$$\iiint r^2 (\quad) = \rightarrow$$

$$I = \sigma \int_0^L \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^a r^3 dr d\theta dz$$



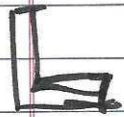
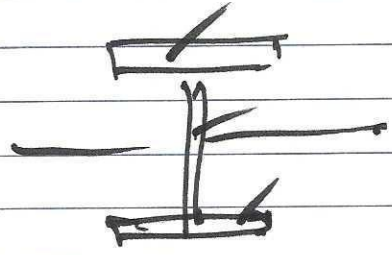
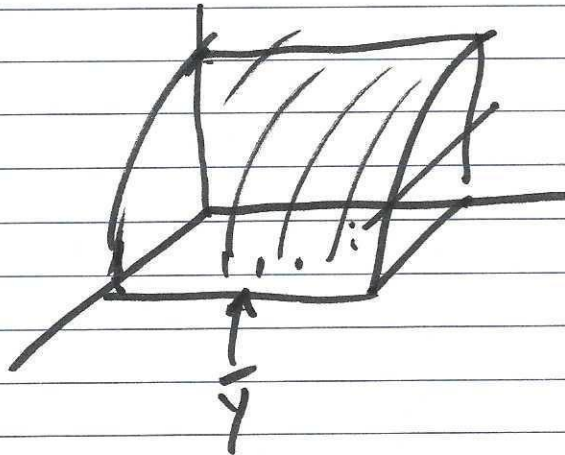
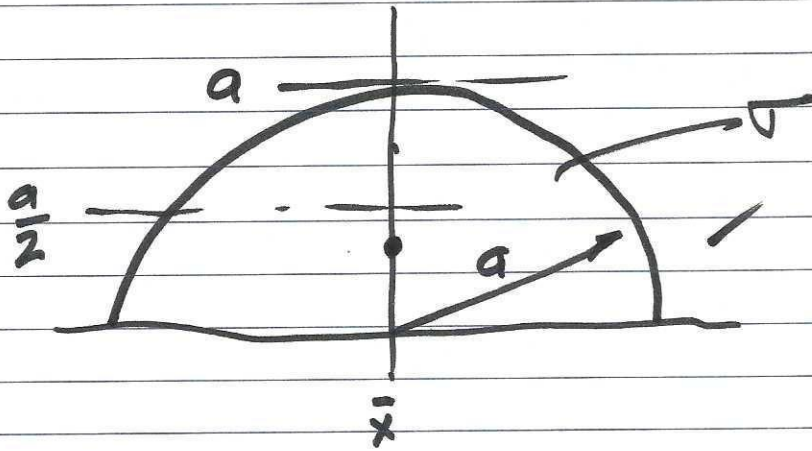
$$dI = r^2 dm = \underline{\sigma(x^2 + y^2) dxdy}$$

$$\sigma x^2 dxdy + \sigma y^2 dxdy$$



$$I_z = I_y + I_x$$





$$A_s \bar{x}_s + A_\Delta \bar{x}_\Delta = \frac{\quad}{A_s + A_\Delta}$$

