

①

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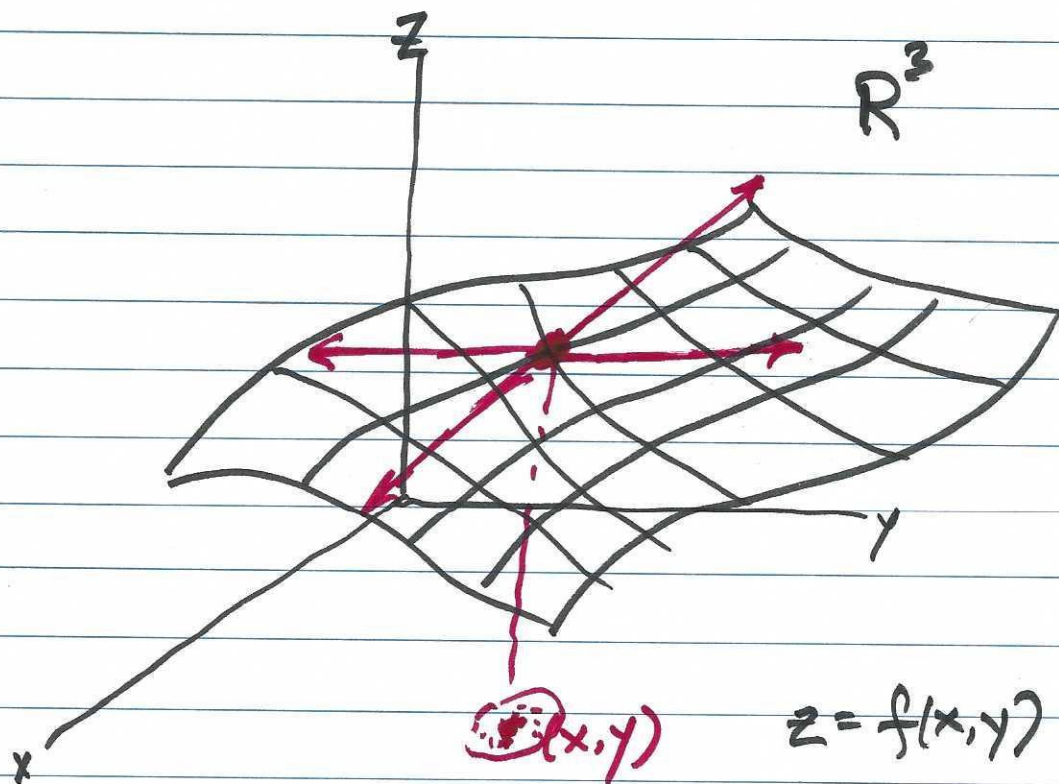
Partial Differentiation

Given $f(x,y)$, we can form

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{f(x+\Delta x, y) - f(x, y)}{\Delta x} \right) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \text{ and}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{f(x, y+\Delta y) - f(x, y)}{\Delta y} \right) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$$

These are called partial derivatives.



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Other notations:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \quad f_x \quad D_x \quad \partial_x$$

Ex: $f(x,y) = x^2 + 3xy + y - 1$

Find $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ eval @ (4, -5)

(i) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x + 3y + 0 - 0$

→ (ii) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 0 + 3x + 1 - 0$

$$\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right|_{(4,-5)} = 2 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot (-5) = \boxed{-7}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right|_{(4,-5)} = 3 \cdot 4 + 1 = \boxed{13}$$

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Ex:

$$f(x, y) = \frac{2y}{y + \cos x}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \left[2y (y + \cos x)^{-1} \right]_x'$$

$$= 2y(-1)(y + \cos x)^{-2} \cdot (-\sin x)$$

$$= \frac{2y \sin x}{(y + \cos x)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2(y + \cos x)^{-1} + (2y)(y + \cos x)^{-2}(-1)(1)$$

$$= \frac{2(y + \cos x)}{(y + \cos x)^2} + \frac{2y}{(y + \cos x)^2}$$

~~$\frac{2(y + \cos x)}{(y + \cos x)^2}$~~

$$\frac{2(y + \cos x)}{(y + \cos x)^2}$$

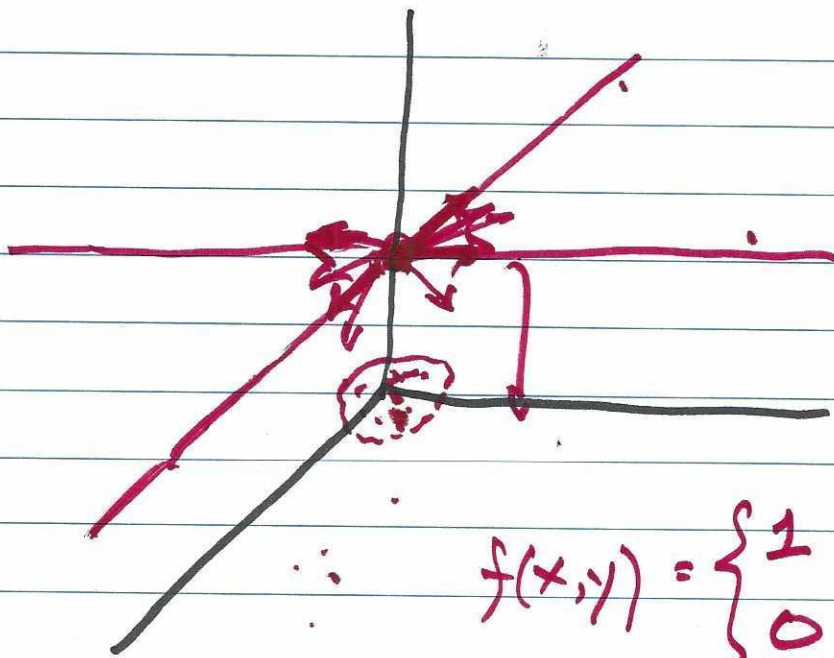
④

$$f(x, y, z) = x \sin(y + 3z)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = (1) \sin(y + 3z)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x \cos(y + 3z) \cdot (1) = x \cos(y + 3z)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = x \cos(y + 3z) (3) = 3x \cos(y + 3z)$$



$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } xy = 0 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

⑤

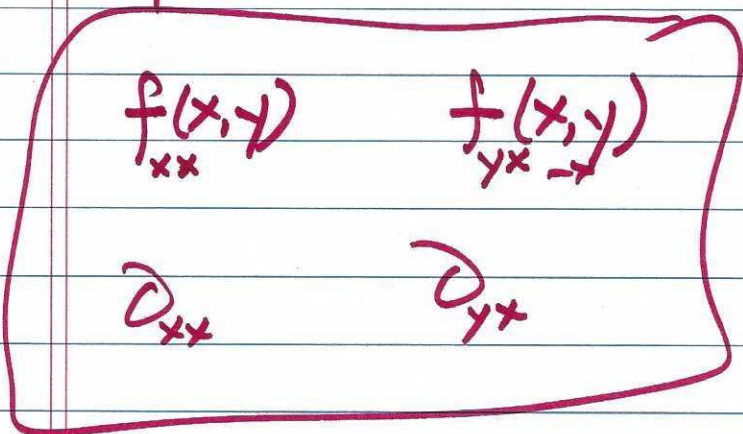
$$\frac{\partial^2 f(x,y)}{\partial x^2}$$

pure

$$\frac{\partial^2 f(x,y)}{\partial x \partial y}$$

mixed

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial \sim}{\partial y} \right)$$



Ex: $f(x,y) = x \cos y + y e^x$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}$$

① $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-x \sin y + e^x) \rightarrow (-\sin y + e^x)$

② $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\cos y + y e^x) \rightarrow (-\sin y + e^x)$

③ $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\cos y + y e^x) \rightarrow (y e^x)$

④ $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (-x \sin y + e^x) \rightarrow (-x \cos y)$

⑥

$$\underline{f(x, y, z)} = 1 - 2xy^2z + x^2y$$

$$\underline{f_{yxyz}} = ?$$

$$f_y = -4xyz + x^2$$

$$f_{yx} = -4yz + 2x$$

$$f_{yxy} = -4z$$

$$\underline{f_{yxyz} = -4}$$

$$z \rightarrow z + \Delta z$$

$$f(x_0, y_0) \rightarrow$$

Differentiable @ point in \mathbb{R}^2 or \mathbb{R}^3

Suppose $\underline{z = f(x, y)}$

$$\textcircled{*} \Delta z = f_x(x_0, y_0) \Delta x + f_y(x_0, y_0) \Delta y + \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} z_1 \Delta x & + & z_2 \Delta y \\ \uparrow \quad \downarrow & & \uparrow \quad \downarrow \\ 0 & & 0 \end{array}$$

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$$s(x,y) = \arctan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

$$S_x = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) \left(-\frac{y}{x^2}\right)$$

$$S_y = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$S_x = \left(\frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2}\right) \left(-\frac{y}{x^2}\right) = \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$S_y = \left(\frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$S_{xx} = \left[-y(x^2 + y^2)^{-2}\right]_x = -y(-1(x^2 + y^2)^{-2}) \cdot 2x$$

$$= \frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

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$$S_{yy} = \left[x(x^2+y^2)^{-1} \right]_y = x(-1)(x^2+y^2)^{-2} \cdot 2y$$
$$= \frac{-2xy}{(x^2+y^2)^2} \quad \text{so } S_{xx} = -S_{yy}$$

$$S_{xy} = \left[(-y)(x^2+y^2)^{-1} \right]_y = (-1)(x^2+y^2)^{-1} + (-y) \left(-\frac{2y}{(x^2+y^2)^2} \right)$$

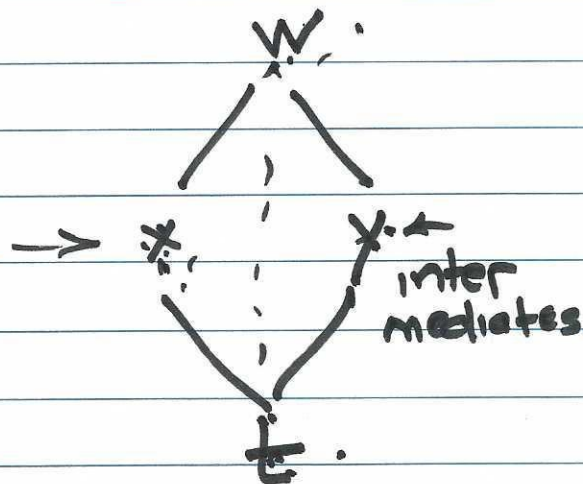
$$= -\frac{1}{x^2+y^2} + \frac{2y^2}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{(x^2+y^2)}{(x^2+y^2)^2} + \frac{2y^2}{(x^2+y^2)^2} = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$$

$$S_{yx} = ?$$

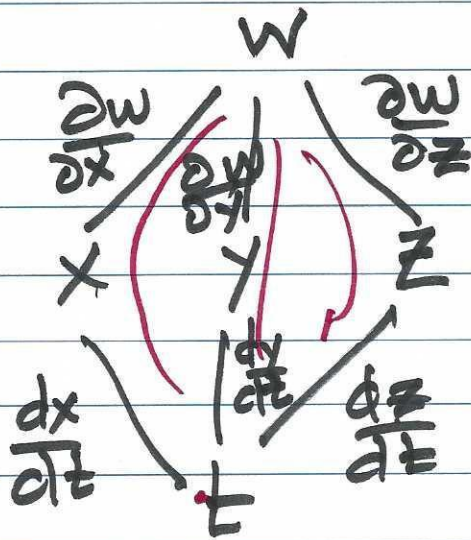
$$[f(g(x))]' = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x) \quad \textcircled{9}$$

$$w = f(x(t), y(t))$$



$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

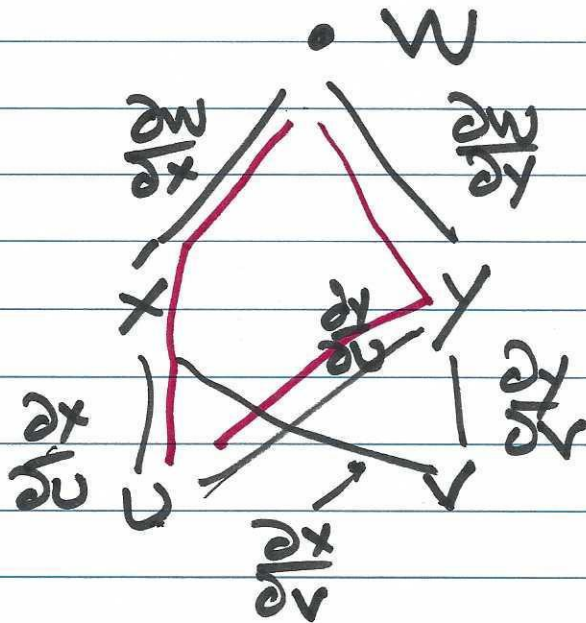
$$w = f(x, y, z), \quad x(t), y(t), z(t)$$



$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \frac{dz}{dt}$$

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$$w = f(x, y), x(u, v), y(u, v)$$



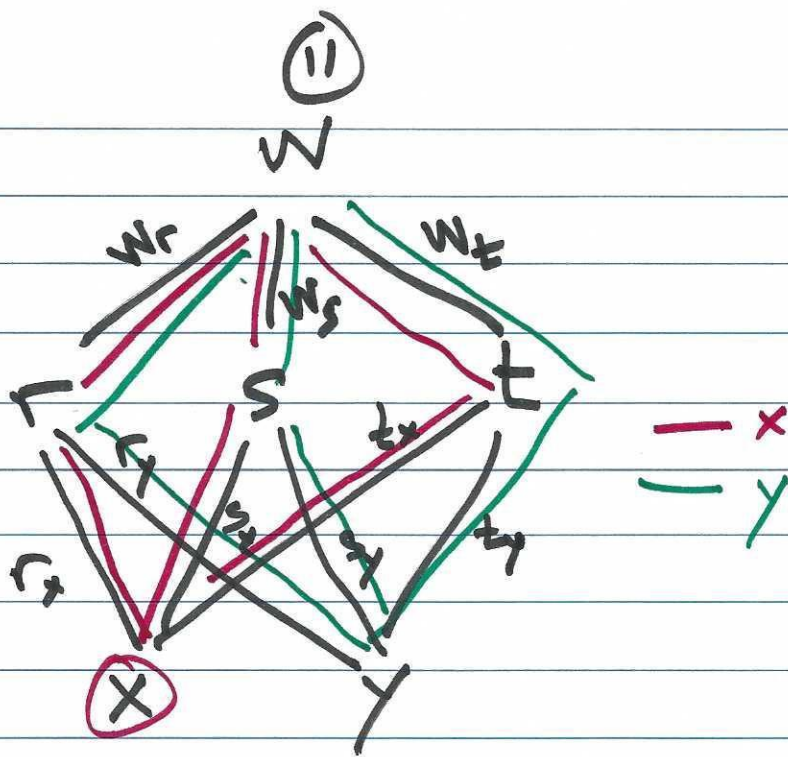
$$\text{Want: } \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}$$

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$$\text{Want } \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}$$

$$r = r(x, y)$$

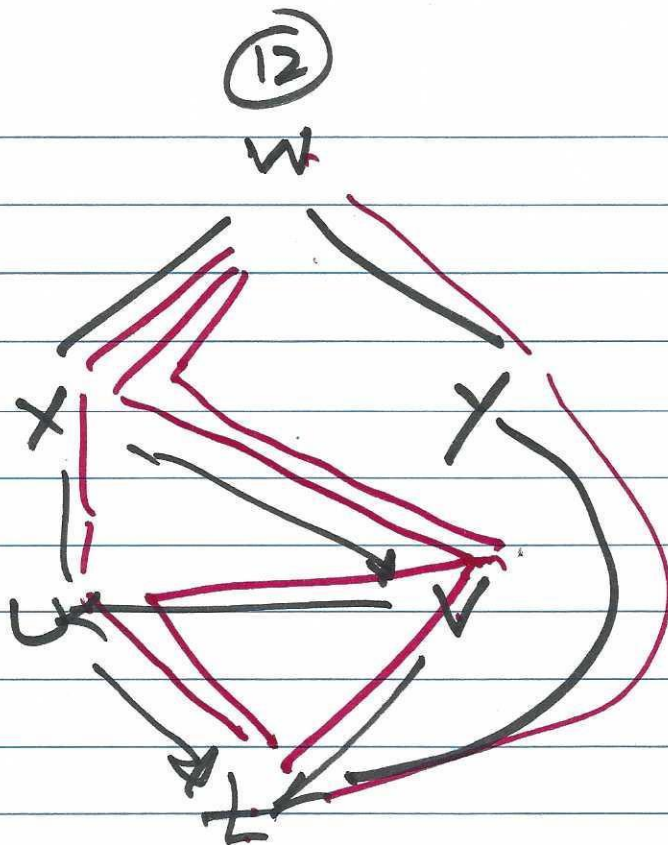
$$w = f(r, s, t), r = g(x, y), s = h(x, y), t = k(x, y)$$



$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial x} = w_\Gamma \Gamma_x + w_\Sigma \Sigma_x + w_\tau \tau_x$$

$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial y} = w_\Gamma \Gamma_y + w_\Sigma \Sigma_y + w_\tau \tau_y$$

$$W = W(x, y), \quad x(u, v), \quad v(u, t), \\ u(t), \quad y(t)$$



$$\frac{dw}{dt} = w_x x_u \frac{du}{dt} + w_x x_v v_u \frac{du}{dt} + \dots$$

$$w_x x_v v_t + w_y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

Implicit Diff in 1-D

$$y^3 + 3yx = x^2, \text{ want } \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 3 \frac{dy}{dx} (x) + 3y = 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (3y^2 + 3x) = 2x - 3y$$

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x - 3y}{3y^2 + 3x}$$

Suppose $F(x, y) = 0$ defines y implicitly as a function of x .

$$xy^2 - \sin xy = 0$$

$$0 = \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$0 = \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial F}{\partial y}}$$

Ex: Want $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $y^2 - x^2 - \sin xy = 0$

$$F_x = -2x - y \cos xy$$

$$F_y = 2y - x \cos xy$$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = ?$
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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{+2x + y \cos xy}{2y - x \cos xy}$$