

①

2-13

Exponential Growth/Decay

$$(*) \frac{dy}{dx} = f(y) \cdot g(x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{f(y)} = g(x) dx$$

separation
of variables

$$\int \frac{dy}{f(y)} = \int g(x) dx$$

$$\ln f(y) = G(x) + C$$

$$f(y) = e^{G(x)+C} = e^C e^{G(x)} = A e^{G(x)}$$

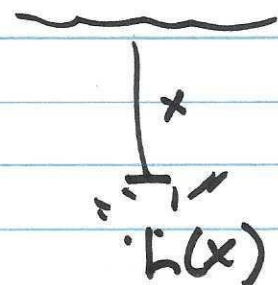
#27

$L(x)$

h = light intensity
 x = depth

$$\frac{dL(x)}{dx} = -kL$$

$$\frac{dL(x)}{L} = -k dx$$



(2)

$$\int \frac{dL}{L} = \ln L \quad \rightarrow \text{same}$$

$$\int -k dx = -kx + C$$

$$\ln L = -kx + C$$

$$L = e^{-kx+C} = e^C e^{-kx}$$

$$L(x) = L_0 e^{-kx}$$

$$L(18) = \frac{L_0}{2}$$

$$\cancel{\frac{L_0}{2}} = \cancel{L_0} e^{-k(18)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-18k}$$

$$.693 = -18k \Rightarrow k = \left(-\frac{.693}{18} \right)$$

$$k = -.0385$$

$$L(x) = L_0 e^{-.0385x}$$

③

$$\frac{L_0}{10} = L_0 e^{-.0385x} \Rightarrow x = 59.7 \text{ ft}$$

#30 $P(t) = P_0 e^{rt}$

$$P(3) = P_0 e^{3r} = 10^4$$

(1) $\ln P_0 + 3r = \ln(10^4) = 9.21$

$$P(5) = P_0 e^{5r} = 4 \times 10^4$$

(2) $\ln P_0 + 5r = \ln(4 \times 10^4) = 10.59$

5 · (1) $5 \ln P_0 + 15r = 5 \cdot 9.21 = 46.05$

3 · (2) $3 \ln P_0 + 15r = 3 \cdot 10.59 = 31.77$

$$2 \ln P_0 = (46.05 - 31.77) = 14.28$$

$$\ln P_0 = 7.14 \Rightarrow P_0 = e^{7.14} = \underline{\underline{1261}}$$

#33

④

↙ @ t=0

1147 r = -.39

$$P(13) = 1147 e^{-.39(13)} = 1147 e^{-.507}$$
$$= 1147 (.0063) = 7.2 \text{ indiv}$$

$$W(t) = W_0 e^{-.10t} \quad \text{oil output}$$

$$\frac{W(t)}{W_0} = \frac{1}{10} = e^{-.10t}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{1}{10}\right) = -.10t \Rightarrow t = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)}{-.10}$$

$$t = \frac{-2.3}{-.10} = 23 \text{ yrs.}$$

#37 ²³⁹Pu half-life is 24,360 yrs.

10g released in accident

How long for 80% of 10g to decay?

(5)

$$Q(t) = Q_0 e^{-kt} \quad \text{time in yrs}$$

$$Q_0 = 10 \text{ g.}$$

$$\frac{Q(24,360)}{Q_0} = \frac{1}{2} = e^{-k(24,360)}$$

$$-.69315 = -24,360 k$$

$$k = \frac{.69315}{24,360} = .0000285 \quad 2.85 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$2 = 10 e^{-(.0000285)t}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = -.0000285 t$$

↓

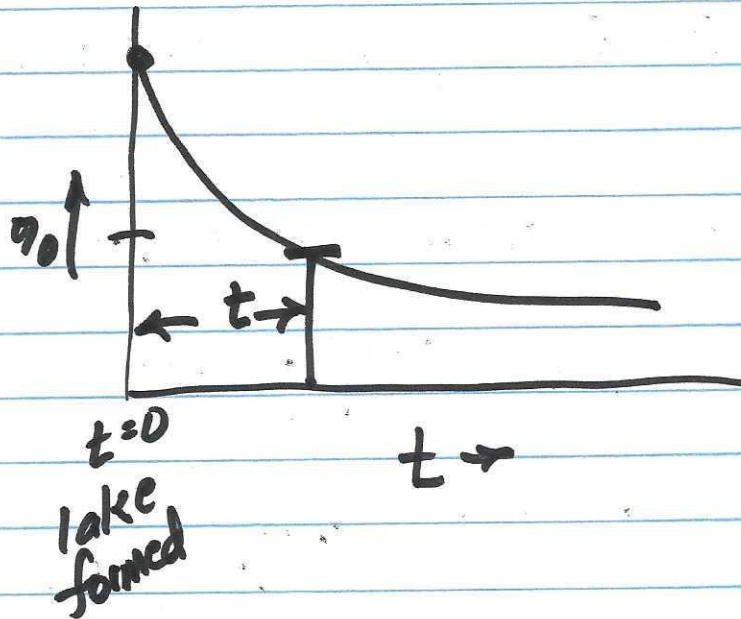
$$-1.609 = -.0000285 t$$

$$t = \frac{1.609}{.0000285} = \underline{\underline{56,471}}$$

(6)

#15

Sample has 44.5% of ^{14}C compared to same material today.



$$Q(t) = Q(0) e^{-.00012t}$$

$$.445 = \frac{Q(t)}{Q(0)} = e^{-.00012t}$$

$$\ln(.445) = -.809 = -.00012t$$

$$t = \frac{.809}{.00012} = \underline{6741 \text{ yrs}}$$

(7)

$$\sinh x := \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} \quad (\sinh x)' = \cosh x$$

$$\cosh x := \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \quad (\cosh x)' = \sinh x$$

$$\tanh x := \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} \quad \text{~~sinh~~ (\tanh x)' = \operatorname{sech}^2 x$$

$$\operatorname{csch} x := \frac{1}{\sinh x}$$

$$\operatorname{sech} x := \frac{1}{\cosh x}$$

$$\operatorname{coth} x := \frac{1}{\tanh x}$$

$$\cosh^2 x = 1 + \sinh^2 x$$